

COPYRIGHT AND TRADEMARKS FOR STARTUPS IN CANADA





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INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY FOR CANADIAN STARTUPS

Copyright and trademark protections are critical for Canadian startups to safeguard their creative works and brand identity. Copyright protects original literary, artistic, musical, and dramatic works automatically upon creation, providing exclusive rights to reproduce and publish these works. Registering copyright offers legal advantages such as evidence of ownership and stronger enforcement in court. Trademarks protect distinctive signs, logos, or names that distinguish goods or services, granting exclusive nationwide rights for at least 10 years upon registration. Trademark registration enhances legal enforcement, priority in other jurisdictions, and adds significant value to a business's brand. Together, these protections build a strong foundation for business growth, investor confidence, and commercialization of innovations.





UNDERSTANDING COPYRIGHT

DEFINITION AND SCOPE OF COPYRIGHT PROTECTION

Copyright in Canada grants creators exclusive legal rights to their original works once fixed in tangible form. It covers economic rights, allowing control over reproduction and use, and moral rights, protecting the integrity and attribution of the work. Protection lasts for the creator's life plus 70 years, governed by the Canadian Copyright Act with exceptions like fair dealing.

TYPES OF WORKS PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT

Canadian copyright protects original literary, artistic, dramatic, and musical works fixed in tangible form, including books, paintings, plays, sound recordings, and computer programs. It excludes ideas, facts, and short phrases but covers adaptations and compilations with original creativity. Both published and unpublished works are protected.





UNDERSTANDING TRADEMARKS

DEFINITION AND PURPOSE OF TRADEMARKS

A trademark is a sign or combination of signs used to distinguish goods or services from others in the marketplace. It identifies the source and builds reputation and goodwill.

Trademarks can include words, logos, sounds, colors, shapes, and more. Registration is recommended for legal protection and exclusive rights.



Trademarks include ordinary marks such as words and logos, certification marks that certify standards, and trade names identifying businesses. Their strength varies from descriptive marks, which are hard to protect, to suggestive and arbitrary marks that offer stronger distinctiveness.





KEY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN COPYRIGHT AND TRADEMARKS

SCOPE OF PROTECTION

Copyright safeguards original creative works such as literary, artistic, and musical creations, while trademarks protect brand identifiers like logos, slogans, and design elements that distinguish goods or services in commerce.

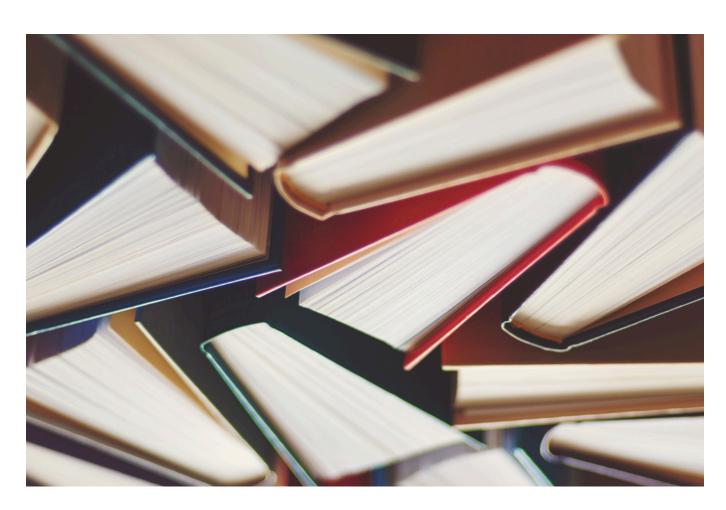
PROTECTION MECHANISMS AND BENEFITS

Copyright protection arises automatically upon creation, with optional registration offering legal proof. Trademarks benefit significantly from registration, granting exclusive rights and facilitating enforcement, with protection renewable every 10 years.





COPYRIGHT REGISTRATION PROCESS IN CANADA



AUTOMATIC PROTECTION

In Canada, copyright protection is granted automatically when an original work is created and fixed in a tangible form, without the need for formal registration.



STEPS FOR FORMAL REGISTRATION

To register copyright with CIPO, prepare application details, complete the online form, pay the registration fee, and receive a certificate that serves as legal proof of ownership.





TRADEMARK REGISTRATION PROCESS IN CANADA

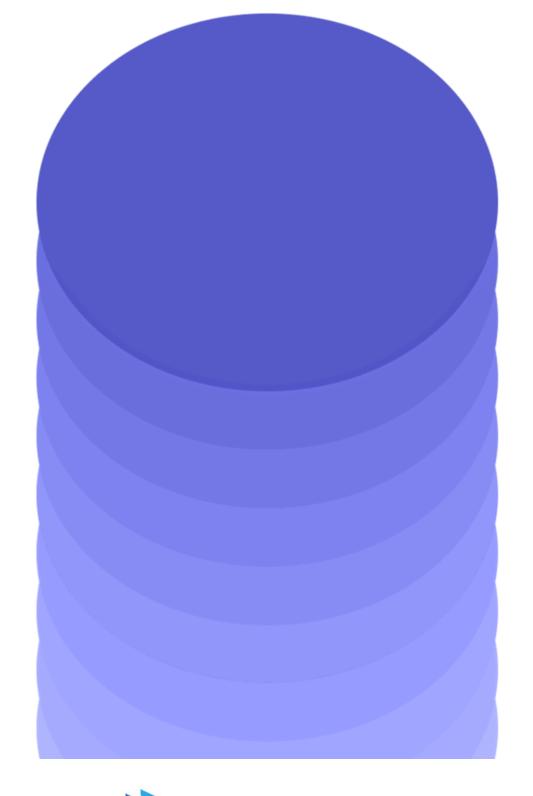
DISTINCTIVENESS OF TRADEMARKS

Trademarks in Canada must be distinctive to differentiate goods or services and avoid consumer confusion. They range from descriptive marks, which are generally not registrable, to fanciful marks that offer the strongest protection.

COMPREHENSIVE TRADEMARK SEARCHES

Before application, thorough searches in the Canadian Trademarks Database are essential to identify conflicts.
Engaging a IP attorney ensures proper classification, application preparation, and legal guidance throughout the registration process.







BENEFITS OF TRADEMARK REGISTRATION FOR STARTUPS

NATIONWIDE EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS

Trademark registration grants startups exclusive rights to use their mark across Canada, preventing others from using confusingly similar marks that could dilute the brand.

LEGAL ENFORCEMENT ADVANTAGES

A registered trademark provides strong evidence of ownership, enabling startups to effectively enforce their rights against unauthorized use and counterfeit goods.

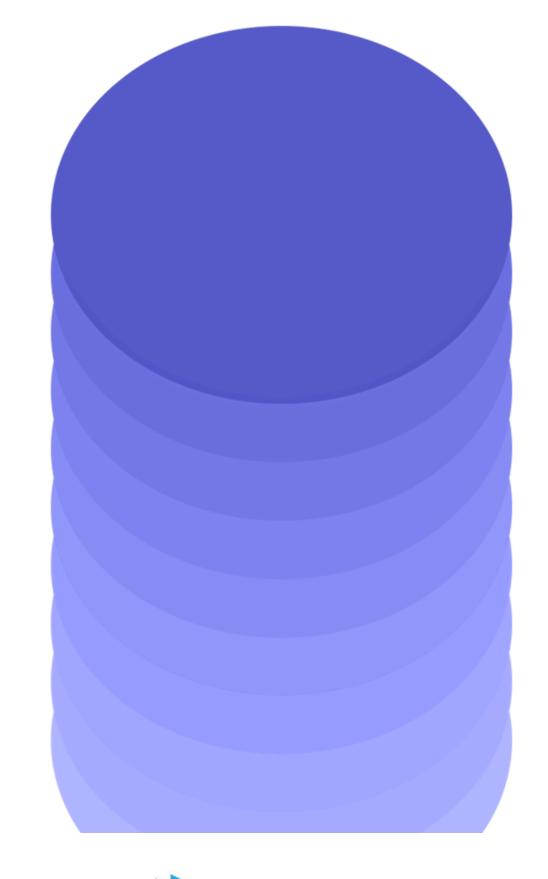




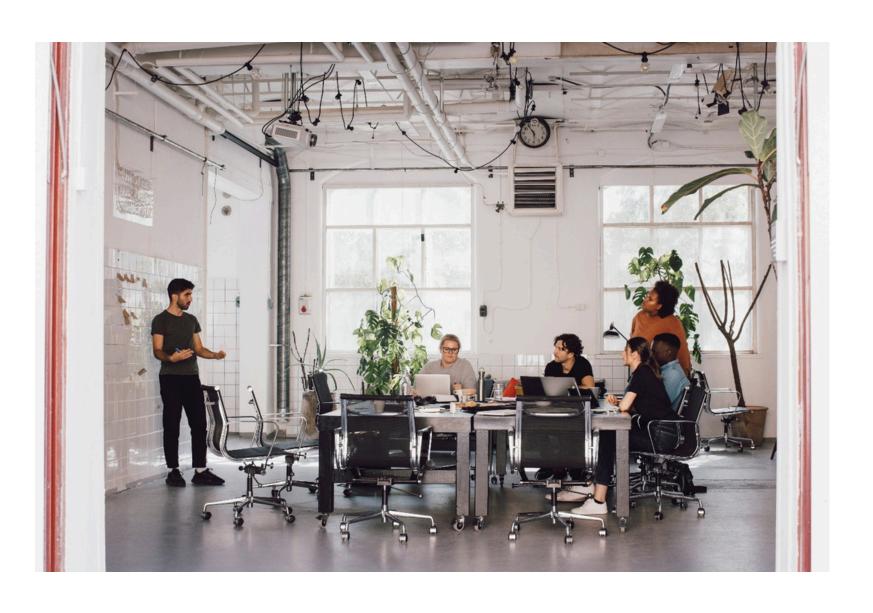
BENEFITS OF COPYRIGHT REGISTRATION FOR STARTUPS

Legal Evidence of Ownership: Registering copyright with the Canadian Intellectual Property Office provides startups with official proof of ownership through a registration certificate, which serves as a rebuttable presumption of copyright existence and rightful ownership, facilitating enforcement against infringement.









COMMON INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PITFALLS FOR STARTUPS

Startups must conduct comprehensive trademark searches before using a mark to avoid conflicts with existing trademarks. This includes informal internet and business name searches, as well as professional trademark database searches conducted by experienced attorneys. Proper searches help identify exact matches and confusingly similar marks, preventing refusals or oppositions during registration.





BEST PRACTICES FOR IP PROTECTION IN STARTUPS



EARLY TRADEMARK REGISTRATION

Startups should register primary brands as trademarks early to secure exclusive rights, protect brand identity, and build goodwill before competitors.



CLEAR IP OWNERSHIP DOCUMENTATION

It is essential to document clear intellectual property ownership in contracts with employees, contractors, and collaborators to avoid disputes and ensure the company retains IP rights.





FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR IP PROTECTION

Copyright Registration Fees: Copyright registration in Canada typically costs around \$50. Although copyright protection is automatic upon creation, registration provides official proof of ownership, which is essential for enforcement.





INTERNATIONAL IP PROTECTION CONSIDERATIONS

TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF CANADIAN IP PROTECTION

Canadian intellectual property rights, including trademarks and copyrights, are limited to Canada and do not extend internationally without additional filings.

STRATEGIES FOR INTERNATIONAL IP PROTECTION

Startups should leverage international agreements like the Madrid Protocol and Paris Convention, file timely applications abroad, and engage local agents to secure and manage IP rights globally.

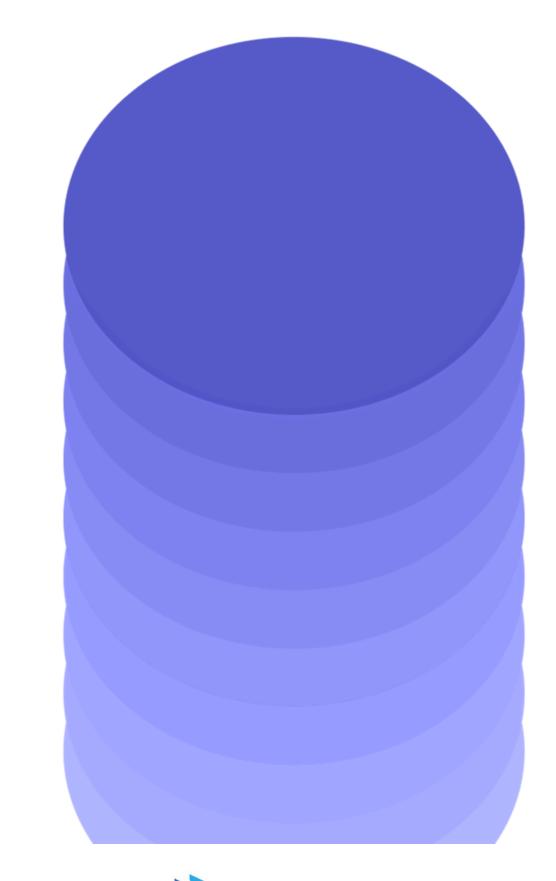




IMPACT OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION ON IP

Challenges in Digital Enforcement: Digital transformation has increased the complexity of IP enforcement due to rapid and large-scale content sharing on digital platforms. Startups face difficulties monitoring unauthorized reproduction and distribution of copyrighted works online. The rise of sophisticated infringement methods and the need for proactive surveillance of digital marketplaces are critical to protecting intellectual property effectively.







FUTURE TRENDS IN CANADIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

Evolving AI and Copyright Considerations in Canada: Canadian copyright law is actively adapting to challenges posed by AI-generated works, addressing issues of authorship and protection scope, which will reshape legal frameworks around originality and rights ownership.

Canada's copyright law requires human authorship for a work to qualify for protection, meaning purely Algenerated content does not benefit from copyright. However, there is a case in the court system which may allow for co-authorship between Al and a human. (Samuelson-Glushko Canadian Internet Policy and Public Interest Clinic v. Ankit Sahni)

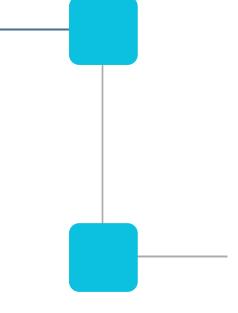




CONCLUSION: STRATEGIC IP MANAGEMENT FOR STARTUP SUCCESS

PROTECTING CREATIVE WORKS

Effective IP management safeguards startups' original creations, preventing unauthorized use and ensuring exclusive rights.



PRESERVING BRAND IDENTITY

Trademark protection strengthens brand recognition, builds market position, and enhances investor confidence for startups.





RESOURCES AVAILABLE FOR CANADIAN STARTUPS

CANADIAN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY OFFICE (CIPO)

CIPO is the main government agency managing trademarks, copyrights, patents, and industrial designs providing official registration and searchable databases.

ELEVATEIP PROGRAM FOR STARTUPS

ElevateIP offers up to \$100,000 CAD in IP support services including education, strategy development, and implementation, targeting Canadian-controlled private corporations with fewer than 500 employees.





ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The University of Manitoba campuses and research spaces are located on original lands of Anishinaabeg, Ininiwak, Anisininewuk, Dakota Oyate, Dene and Inuit, and on the National Homeland of the Red River Métis.

We respect the Treaties that were made on these territories, we acknowledge the harms and mistakes of the past, and we dedicate ourselves to move forward in partnership with Indigenous communities in a spirit of Reconciliation and collaboration.





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